

# NOTICE OF GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure)
(England) Order 2015

**Contact Name and Address:** 

WCEC Architects FAO Mr P Booth Carrwood Court Sheepbridge Chesterfield Derbyshire S41 9QB **Application No:** ST/0138/15/FUL **Date of Issue:** 28/04/2015

In pursuance of their powers under the above mentioned Acts, South Tyneside Council as Local Planning Authority hereby **GRANT** planning permission for the following:

**PROPOSAL:** Roof mounted condensing unit

**LOCATION:** Asda Station Road, Hebburn, NE31 1PN

In accordance with your application dated 18 February 2015.

## SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITION(S) AND REASON(S):

1 The development to which this permission relates must be commenced not later than 3 years from the date of this permission.

As required by Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and to ensure that the development is carried out within a reasonable time.

- 2 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plan(s) as detailed below
  - Drawing No. PL-04 Rev A received 17/04/2015
  - Searle N2CQ76-3MS-E Condenser Unit detail received 17/04/2015

Any minor material changes to the approved plans will require a formal planning application under S73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 to vary this condition and substitute alternative plans.

In order to provide a procedure to seek approval of proposed minor material change which is not substantially different from that which has been approved.

## **NOTES TO APPLICANT:**

1 In dealing with this application the Council has implemented the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework (paragraphs 186 & 187) to seek to approve applications for sustainable development where possible.

George Mansbridge Head of Development Services

Your attention is drawn to the attached schedule of notes which form part of this notice

### NOTES

- This certificate is issued under the Town and Country Planning Acts, Regulations and Orders and does not constitute a permission, approval or consent by South Tyneside Council for any other purpose whatsoever. Applications must therefore be made to the appropriate Departments of the Council for any other permission, approval or consent (including Building Regulations approval or approval of South Tyneside Council as ground landlord where appropriate) which may be necessary in connection with the proposed development or anything incidental thereto, or the use to be made of the premises which form the subject of such development.
- You may also require permissions, approvals or consents under other legislation, or from bodies other than South Tyneside Council. This could include works affecting a public sewer, gas main, or electricity line, works within the adopted highway, works affecting a public right of way, property covenants, legislation relating to disabled persons, land drainage consent, waste management consent, scheduled monument consent or works affecting protected habitats or species.
- Any <u>non-material change</u> to the approved plan(s) that form part of this permission would require the submission of an application for a <u>non-material change</u> under section 96A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. Whether changes to a proposed development are considered non-material is a matter for Planning Authority discretion.
- The approved development should be implemented in strict compliance with all of the planning conditions, and in particular any which require details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development. Failure to do so may result in any commencement of development being unauthorised, which could be liable to enforcement action.
- If you wish to change, or not comply with, any of the planning conditions attached to the permission, then you will need to submit a new application for planning permission under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. This does not affect your statutory rights of appeal against any of the planning conditions. This includes if you wish to not comply with a condition attached to a permission which details the approved plan(s), so as to make a minor material change to the approved plan(s). A minor material change is defined as one whose scale and nature results in a development that is not substantially different from that which has been approved.
- Your attention is drawn to your responsibilities under the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 and the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 relating to disabled persons, to ensure that adequate attention has been paid to their needs. If the proposed development involves new or existing buildings to which the public are to be admitted, or offices, shops, railway premises, factories or educational buildings, provision should be made for the means of access, parking and sanitary conveniences to meet the needs of disabled people. In addition, appropriate signposting of the facilities should be provided. In carrying out these statutory obligations your attention is drawn to the "Code of Practice for Access for the Disabled to Buildings" (BS5810:1979). You are advised to seek professional advice to ensure that you meet your legal obligations under the Disability Discrimination Act 1995, especially with regard to Part III thereof.

#### APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE

# 7 Only the applicant possesses the right of appeal.

If you are aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to grant permission subject to conditions, then you may appeal to the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government in accordance of section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 within six months of the date of this notice. The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances, which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the Local Planning Authority without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order.

Appeals can be made online using the Planning Inspectorates planning appeal service through the Planning Portal at

http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals/online/makeanappeal. You must use a standard Planning Appeal Form when making your appeal. Please be aware that details of planning appeals are available on the internet and may include a copy of the original planning application form and relevant supporting documents supplied to ourselves, either by you, or your agent, together with the completed appeal form, and information that you submit to the Planning Inspectorate. Please ensure that you only provide information, including personal information belonging to you that you are happy will be made available to others in this way. If you supply personal information belonging to a third party please ensure you have their permission to do so. More information about data protection and privacy matters is available on the planning portal website.

Alternatively if you do not wish to submit your appeal electronically, a form is obtainable from The Planning Inspectorate, Customer Support Unit, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN. Email: <a href="mailto:enquiries@planning-inspectorate.gsi.gov.uk">enquiries@planning-inspectorate.gsi.gov.uk</a> or telephone 0303 4440000. Please note that you must state the appeal form that you require.

#### **PURCHASE NOTICES**

If permission to develop land is granted subject to conditions, whether by South Tyneside Council as local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council, requiring the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.